



UP 210

Lime-cement basecoat

Product description

Mineral lime-cement basecoat. For interiors on all conventional types of masonry and concrete, and for exteriors on all types of masonry and concrete suitable for normal renders. In interiors the surface can be sponged by an additional render layer.

Composition

Hydrated lime, cement, graded limestone grains, water-retaining and water-repellent additives.

Storage

Store the bags on wooden pallets in a dry environment. Can be stored for at least 9 months.

Quality

In compliance with EN 998-1, the render is subject to initial type testing and continuous factory production control and bears the CE marking.

Properties and added value

- General-purpose rendering/plastering mortar GP acc. to EN 998-1
- Compressive strength category CS II acc. to EN 998-1
- For interior and exterior application
- For machine or hand application

Field of application

Particularly suitable in exteriors as a basecoat on

- Lime sandstone
- Normal weight concrete
- Light concrete with a density class ≥ 1.6
- As a basecoat for mineral and paste-like finishing coats

In interiors on all types of masonry

- As a basecoat for mineral and paste-like finishing coats
- As a basecoat for tiles
- As a basecoat with sponged surface

Application

Substrate and pretreatment

Substrate	Pretreatment
Masonry made of brick, pumice, and lightweight concrete masonry. Even and normally absorbent lime sandstone masonry	On highly absorbent substrates or in hot summer weather, apply a double render layer fresh in fresh
Masonry made of aerated concrete masonry	Apply a double render layer fresh in fresh.
Masonry on weakly absorbent to non-absorbent and/or smooth, glossy lime sandstone masonry	SM700 Pro, SM300, Sockel-SM or Der Vorspritzer as a mineral bonding layer
Rough form work concrete, absorbent concrete, masonry with varying suction properties, small format multi-layer wood wool slabs	SM700 Pro, SM300, Sockel-SM or Der Vorspritzer as a mineral bonding layer
Smooth concrete, prefabricated concrete units	SM700 Pro, SM300 or Sockel-SM as a mineral bonding layer
XPS-R insulation boards	SM700 Pro, SM300 or Sockel-SM as a mineral bonding layer
Absorbent masonry made of small format bricks, random rubble walling and mixed brickwork	Der Vorspritzer as a mineral bonding layer (mechanical key)

Mineral bonding layer (with the exception of Der Vorspritzer) should be spread and ruled across the full surface with a widely notched trowel. Wait at least 1 day and a maximum of 3 days before application of further coats.

Preparation

Check the substrate for compliance with VOB part C, DIN 18350, chapter 3.1.1 and express legitimate concerns acc. to VOB part B, DIN 1961 paragraph 4 section 3. Check the plastering substrate by a scratch test, wipe test or wetting test and measure the temperature if appropriate. Clean the substrate of dust and loose parts and remove them ensuring that the surface is smooth. Cover easily-soiled building components before commencement in accordance with Code of Practice "Abklebe- und Abdekarbeiten für Maler- und Stuckateurarbeiten" issued by the Bundesverband Ausbau und Fassade. Protect weather-exposed surfaces from precipitation and direct sunlight.

Substrate pretreatment according to the pretreatment table. All substrates must be stable, dry, even and free of grease and dust as well as free of any residual substances that may reduce the adhesion.

Machines / equipment

PFT mixing pump G 4

- Stator D6-3
- Rotor D6-3
- Mortar hoses Ø 25 mm
- Wet mortar pumping distance up to 30 m

Mixing

Mixing by hand

Mix the content of one bag with 5.6 litres of clean water without further additions until an application-ready lump-free consistence is achieved.

Mixing by machine

For machine application using mixing pumps, e.g. PFT G4, set the desired consistence by adding water.

Application

Apply UP 210 as a basecoat on an existing pretreated plastering surface at an average render thickness of 15 mm in exteriors. In case of multi-layer render systems (basecoat, reinforcement and finish coats) ensure an average total render thickness of at least 20 mm.

In interiors apply an average plaster thickness of 10 mm. Depending on the substrate, fins and protrusions etc. can be removed with a lattice plane when sufficiently hardened or the surfaces can be levelled and scraped. In case of secondary rooms in interiors, UP 210 can be sponged on a single-layer. For a sophisticated sponged render texture, apply an additional approx. 2mm layer on the following day and sponge it.

Clean the machine and hoses with longer breaks in application. Do not leave the mortar and water hoses lying in the sun. Do not stir and apply material that has started to harden. Work with multiple layers in case of render thicknesses exceeding 20 mm.

Full surface reinforcement render in exteriors

In case of exterior render surfaces where the render system is exposed to increased stress, e.g. particular exposure of the façade, use of freely textured, brushed or sponged finishing renders, with finishing renders < 2 mm grain size (acc. to DIN 18350, VOB part C, < 3 mm), high levels of moisture, considerable irregularities in the render substrate, increased residual moisture of the masonry, large area render thickness greater than 30 mm and insulation layers made of XPS-R with a strip width > 60 cm, a reinforcement basecoat with full surface mesh layer (reinforcement mesh 4x4 or 5x5 mm) with SM700 Pro or SM300 on the hardened basecoat is recommended. Embed additional diagonal corner reinforcement on all building openings.

Partial surface reinforcement in interiors e.g. with change of material, building openings etc.

In case of a change of materials in the plaster substrate, at locations where there is a risk of cracking, where XPS-R insulation boards are installed on a small surface, wood wool lightweight boards, different plaster thicknesses and expected stresses from the basecoat etc., embed basecoat mesh (8x8 mm) with at least 100 mm joint overlap and 200 mm overlap on all sides to the flanking component in the upper half of the basecoat.

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Note

A reinforcement basecoat with full surface mesh insert is always preferable to partial surface reinforcement.

Render thickness

For render thickness > 30 mm, when fully dry and set, apply full surface mesh reinforcement (reinforcing mesh 4x4 or 5x5 mm) with SM700 Pro or SM300.

Plinth application

On lighter and softer wall materials (stones of compressive strength category ≤ 8) in the plinth or splash-water zone and on surfaces in contact with the ground, Sockel Gigamit or Sockel LUP are to be used. On masonry of compressive strength category > 8 and concrete, cementitious plinth render UP 310 must be used.

After drying out, all rendered surfaces below the ground line shall be waterproofed/protected against moisture ingress, starting from basement wall waterproof barrier up to approx. 50 mm above the ground line using Sockel-Dicht acc. to DIN 18533-3. For this purpose, apply Sockel-Dicht in a layer thickness of at least 1.2 mm (dry layer thickness min. 1.0 mm).

On XPS-R, plinth insulation boards, perimeter insulating panels, mineral or bituminous waterproofing of buildings, Sockel-SM Pro (with mesh layer) can be applied as a polymer enhanced cementitious render at a total render thickness of at least 7 mm. Additional subsequent moisture protection is not necessary.

When using Sockel-SM Pro on Sockel Gigamit or Sockel LUP, apply Sockel-SM Pro over the lower render stop profile on the existing building waterproof sealing or flanking building material / substrate and overlap by at least 50 mm. Additional subsequent moisture protection is not necessary.

When sufficiently dry, apply a protective cover against damage (e.g. fleece laminated dimpled sheet and slip membrane) up to the ground line.

On a plaster base

On a plaster base UP 210s applied according to manufacturers instructions, apply about a 10 mm thick coat and level it while pushing it into the plaster base. Roughen the surface with a broom. After setting, apply another layer about 10 mm to 15 mm thick, rule level. To minimize the occurrence of cracks on the render surface, apply a reinforcement render with SM700 Pro or SM300 and full surface mesh insert with Knauf reinforcement mesh 4x4 or 5x5 mm. The render thickness of the reinforcement render layer should be between 3 and 5 mm.

Insert additional diagonal reinforcement to reduce notch cracking on all building opening corners.

Substrate for tiling

Suitable as substrates for tiles and floor slabs if the weight of the tiles and floor slabs including the thin-bed mortar does not exceed 25 kg/m². If greater use Sockel Gigamit, Sockel LUP or UP 310 (substrate dependent).

The basecoat is generally a single-layer with a render thickness of at least 10 mm. The suitability as a base for the application of tiles is improved, if the render surface is applied as a tight coat with a straight edge/feather edge or scratched. The surface texture must be matched to the requirements of the respective waterproofing type.

Allow to dry and set fully before a tile covering is applied. The tile adhesive must be suitable for the existing basecoat.

Application with water action classes W0-I to W3-I acc. to DIN 18534.

Application temperature / climate

Do not apply with air, component and/or substrate temperatures below +5 °C and ensure that temperature does not fall below this temperature until the render has hardened sufficiently. Furthermore, the temperature should not exceed +30 °C during application.

In order to prevent rapid dehumidification of the fresh render by the exposure to direct sunshine (high surface temperatures), and/or strong wind (danger of cracks, reduction in strength) suitable protection measures / treatment (e.g. protective nets, keeping moist) are required.

Cleaning

Clean the equipment and tools with water immediately after use.

Coatings

Finishing renders

In favourable weather and drying conditions the application of further layers with Knauf top coats is undertaken after a drying time of 1 day per 1 mm render thickness. Substrate pretreatment may be required depending on the weather conditions and finishing coat. With RP 240 in 2 mm thickness, a continuous closed surface must be produced or the basecoat must be covered with SM700 Pro or SM300.

<p>Notes</p>	<p>Render must be applied according to EN 13914-2, DIN 18550-2 and DIN 18350, VOB part C as well as the generally recognized building engineering rules and valid guidelines.</p> <p>With previous application of gypsum renders or plasters containing gypsum, it is essential that the plastering machine is thoroughly cleaned (wet zone, plaster spiral, rotor, dry zone, gear wheel, hoses; For dry material feed: transfer hood, supply hose, pressure vessel, injection hood, feed manifold).</p> <p>Heating in rooms should only be put into operation in stages. Rapid dehumidification, e.g. using dehumidifiers should be avoided.</p>
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Technical data

Description	Standard	Unit	UP 210
Reaction to fire	EN 13501-1	Category	A1
Graining	–	mm	1.0
Compressive strength	EN 1015-11	Category	CS II
Bond strength	EN 1015-12	N/mm ²	≥ 0.08
Failure pattern		–	A, B or C
Capillary water absorption	EN 1015-18	Category	W _c 2
Water vapour diffusion resistance μ	EN 1015-19	–	≤ 25
Water vapour permeability μ	EN 1015-19	–	≤ 10
Thermal conductivity λ _{10,dry,mat} at P = 50 %	EN 1745	W/(m·K)	≤ 0.82
P = 90 %		W/(m·K)	≤ 0.89

The stated technical data were evaluated acc. to the respective test standards. Deviations under site conditions are possible.

Material requirement and efficiency

Coat thickness mm	Consumption approx. kg/m ²	Yield approx.	
		m ² /bag	m ² /ton
10.0	14.5	2.1	69.0
15.0	21.7	1.4	46.0

The consumption values were determined under laboratory conditions. Additional consumption resulting from conditions in practice must be taken into account. The material consumption depends on the roughness, evenness and absorption properties of the substrate as well as the machinery used.

Product range

Name	Application	Graining	Packaging unit	Material number	EAN
UP 210	30 kg	1.0 mm	36 bags / pallet	00009388	4003950000331
	Bulk	1.0 mm	–	00014547	4003950035166

Sustainability and environment

Short description	Unit	Value
VOC content acc. to RL2004/42/EC	%	Not relevant
VOC content acc. to RL2004/42/EG	g/l	Not relevant
Solvent-free and softener-free acc. to VdL-RL01 (Revision 4)	–	Not relevant



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Technical Advisory Service:

▶ knauf-direkt@knauf.com

▶ www.knauf.com

Knauf Gips KG Am Bahnhof 7, 97346 Iphofen, Germany

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